Instruction for Use

Color Compensation Kit for HISTO TYPE B*27 Q

Electronic instructions for use see <u>www.bag-healthcare.com</u>

RUO

REF XXXXXX

CC-HT-B*27 Q

For use on the Roche Light Cycler®480 System II

Contents

Intended use	2
Product description and principle	2
Kit contents for color compensation	2
Storage and stability	2
Test procedure	3
Safety conditions and special remarks	3
Before starting color compensation	3
1. Set up a color compensation experiment	3
1.1 Set up a color compensation run protocol.	4
1.2 Set up the "Subset Editor"	4
1.3 Set up the "Sample Editor"	4
1.4 Prepare the reaction mix	5
2. Data analysis	5
EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS USED ON THE LABELS	6
Technical assistance	6

Intended use

The 3-Color Compensation Set is used to create an application-specific color compensation object (or file) on the Light Cycler®480 system II. The 3-Color Compensation Set is to be used in combination with the HISTO TYPE B*27 Q real-time PCR diagnostic kit (Ref 728200). The HISTO TYPE B*27 Q kit requires a color compensation run once a year after the calibration of the optical parts of the LC®480 system II. Once the application-specific color compensation object has been performed and the data file created, it is used to analyze all the data generated with the HISTO TYPE B*27 Q real-time PCR diagnostic test.

Product description and principle

The HISTO TYPE B*27 Q real-time PCR diagnostic kit (Ref 728200) simultaneously detects three different colors on the LC®480 System II. Due to the overlap of the emission spectra of organic dyes, crosstalk emission between detector channels can occur. This phenomenon is described as the overspill of one dye into the next detector channel which may result in the misinterpretation of the data. To correct for cross-talk emission between detector channels, color compensation can be applied when analyzing the data.

The dye calibrators used in the color compensation set are identical to the dyes used in the HISTO TYPE B*27 Q diagnostic kit. During a color compensation run, the LC®480 instrument measures the fluorescence of each dye calibrator in all the channels and generates an instrument-specific color compensation file or object. When analyzing HISTO TYPE B*27 Q experimental data, the software uses this color compensation file/object data to reassign the fluorescence in each detector channel to the appropriate dye. As a result, only one dye signal is detected in each channel.

Kit contents for color compensation

Components	Description	Storage conditions
FAM calibrator	1 green cap tube 30 μl	
Yakima Yellow calibrator	1 yellow cap tube 30 μl	
Texas Red calibrator	1 red cap tube 30 μl	<u><</u> -20°C
DNA-amplification-control (DAC)	1 blue cap tube 30 μl	
Q Mastermix	1 violet cap tube 230 µl	
IFU		

Storage and stability

The kits are shipped at $2...8^{\circ}$ C. Upon receipt store all reagents in temperature monitored devices at \leq -20 °C. The expiry date is indicated on the label of each reagent. The expiry date indicated on the outer label refers to the reagent with the shortest stability contained in the kit. The freeze-thaw cycle testing has shown that up to 15 cycles has no detrimental effects on the quality of the kit.

BAG HEALTH CARE

Test procedure

• Safety conditions and special remarks

Molecular genetic techniques are particularly sensitive and should be performed by well trained personnel experienced in molecular genetic techniques. The results of these tests must not be used as sole basis for clinical decisions.

Special safety conditions must be observed in order to avoid contamination and thus false reactions:

- Wear gloves during work (powder-free, if possible).
- Use new tips with each pipetting step (with integrated filter).
- Use separate working areas for pre-amplification (DNA isolation and PCR set up) and post-amplification (detection). Preferably, use two separate rooms.
- Use devices and other materials only at the respective places and do not exchange them.
 - Before starting color compensation
- ♦ A CC object can only be applied to experiments that were run on the same Light Cycler[®] 480 Instrument it was created on.
- Instead of running a separate color compensation experiment, you can also run the color compensation reactions in parallel to your experimental samples. In this case, apply the appropriate experimental PCR protocol, but always add a temperature gradient or melting curves program.

♦ For further information, refer to the LC[®]480 Instruments Operator's Manual, Software version 1.5, section Advanced Software Functionalities, Color Compensation Analysis.

1. Set up a color compensation experiment

A new detection Format has to be set when using the color compensation for the first time. If the format has already been generated, continue to step 1.1.

- Go to tools ->
- Select "Detection Formats and click on "New"
- Name your detection formats (e.g. CC-HT-B*27Q)
- Set filter combination as follows:

-Filter Combination Selection										
	Emission									
Е		488	510	580	610	640	660			
x	440	Г	Г				Г			
С										
i	465		N				Г			
t										
a	498									
t										
	533			M	P	Γ	Г			
0		_	_	_	_	_	_			
n	618									

Change the names in the filter combination list as follows:
-> The Melt/Quant Factors and the Max. Integration Time should be set as default.

Г	- Selected Fi	Iter Combi	ination List			
	Excitation Filter	Emission Filter	Name	Melt Factor	Quant Factor	Max Integration Time (Sec)
	533	580	Yakima Yellow	1	1	1
	465	510	FAM	1	1	1
	533	610	Texas Red	1	1	1

BAG HEALTH CARE

• Close the "Detection Formats".

1.1 Set up a color compensation run protocol.

- Go to "Overview" window ->
- Click on " New Experiment"
- In "Experiment"/"Setup" select your CC experiment in "detection format" (e.g. CC-HT-B*27Q)
- Click "Customize" and make sure all three filter combinations are active (465-510; 533-580; 533-610) and the "Integration Time Mode" is set to "Dynamic"
- Set the reaction volume to $10 \ \mu l$
- Set the PCR program as follows:

Program Name	Cycles	Analysis Mode	Target (°C)	Acquis. Mode	hold ks:mm:hd)	Ramp Rate (°C/s)	Acquis. (per °C)
Initial activation	1	None	96	None	00:10:00	4,4	-
A 1101 11	40	Quantification	96	None	00:00:20	4,4	-
Amplification	40	Quantification	64	Single	00:00:40	2,2	-
Color	1	Color	50	None	00:00:01	2,2	-
Compensation	1	Compensation	75	Continuous	-	0,04	5
Cooling	1	None	37	None	00:00:30	2,2	-

1.2 Set up the "Subset Editor"

- Click on "Subset Editor"
- Create a new "ID" in "Subsets" with 🕑 and rename it to CC-HT-B*27Q

 Choose positions for each calibration mix in "CC-HT-B*27Q settings" as follows



• Click on "Apply" and go to "Sample Editor"

1.3 Set up the "Sample Editor"

- In "Step1: Select Workflow" select "Color Comp"
- In "Step2: Select Samples" select in "Subset" the name CC-HT-B*27Q
- Make sure all three filter combinations in "Select Filter Combinations" are active (465-510; 533-580; 533-610)
- Set the sample names and dominant channels for each position and calibration mix as follows. For blank the dominant channel is water.

- Step 1: Select Workflow					r Combinations			-Abs Q	uant	1
C Abs Quant C Rel Quant C Sc C Tm C Melt Geno C En	anning dpt Gene	€ Col	lor Comp	F 533-580	₩ 465-510 ₩ 533	610		Units		Ë
l	-									
Step 2: Select Samples	۵ مر	Color	Repl Of	Sample Name	Dominant Channel					C
Subset: CC-J L 2 A A	A1			Blank	Water					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	B1			Blank	Water					
	C1			Blank	Water					
병명	D1			Blank	Water					
	E1			Blank	Water					
	A3			FAM	FAM					11
	B3			FAM	FAM					0
╫┍┾┍┾┥┾┝┝┝┝┝┝┝	C3			FAM	FAM					6
	D3			FAM	FAM					
	E3			FAM	FAM					
Dominant Channel	AS			YAkimaYellow	Yakima Yellow					ſ
	BS			YAkimaYellow	Yakima Yellow					
Water	C5			YAkimaYellow	Yakima Yellow					l
FAM	DS			YAkimaYellow	Yakima Yellow					ľ
Yakima Yellow	ES			YAkimaYellow	Yakima Yellow					
Texas Red	A7			TexasRed	Texas Red					ll
	B7			TexasRed	Texas Red					
	• C7			TexasRed	Texas Red					1
	D7			TexasRed	Texas Red					1
	► E7			TexasRed	Texas Red 🔻					5
- Step 3: Edit Color Comp Properties-										
Sample Name										
Make Replicates										
Apply Configure	Toggle	View	1				Reset All	Import	Export	

1.4 Prepare the reaction mix

Prepare four reaction mixes: one for blank and one for each calibrator dye. (see table below).

	Blank (µl)	FAM (µl)	YY (µl)	Texas Red (µL)
Calibrator mix	0	10	10	10
Q Mastermix	10	10	10	10
DAC	0	5	5	5
Water	40	25	25	25
Total reaction volume	50	50	50	50

• Pipette 10 µl of each reaction mix as shown in figure chapter 1.2.

• After preparing and sealing the 96-well plate spin down the plate and set into the LC 480.

• Click "Start Run" in "Experiment"

2. Data analysis

- After run is completed go to "Analysis"
- Select "Color Compensation" from "Analyses"
- Click "Save CC Object"
- Choose a folder and name the CC object "CC-HT-B*27Q"
- Click to save the CC object.

The stored color compensation object should be used for the analysis of runs performed on the following product: HISTO TYPE B*27 Q kit (Ref 728200). If available please use pre-typed samples to ensure the CC object is valid.

- After performing the HISTO TYPE B*27 Q kit go to "Analysis" and choose the color comp object (CC-HT-B*27Q) from "In Database".
- Click "Calculate" for each "Filter Comb" to get Cp results.
- Save your experimental data.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS USED ON THE LABELS

Σ	Sufficient for n tests	
X	Storage temperature / Lower limit of temperature	
X	Use by	
Î	Consult instructions for use	
	Manufacturer	
IFU	Instructions for use	
RUO	For research use only	
LOT	Batch code	
CAL FAM	FAM calibrator	
CAL Yakima Yellow	VIC calibrator	
CAL Texas Red	Texas Red calibrator	
DAC	DNA-amplification-control	
Q Mastermix	PCR mastermix	
REF	Catalogue number	

Technical assistance

http://service.bag-healthcare.com or phone +49 (0)6404-925-125

Instructions for use in other languages see <u>http://www.bag-healthcare.com</u>